

# THE PLYMOUTH MAIL

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PLYMOUTH — MICHIGAN

## A WEEK'S NEWS IN CONDENSED FORM

RECORD OF MOST INTERESTING EVENTS TOLD IN BRIEFEST MANNER POSSIBLE.

### HOME AND FOREIGN ITEMS

Information Gathered from All Quarters of the Civilized World and Prepared for the Perusal of the Busy Man.

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

The great island fortress of Sveaborg, Russia's Gibraltar, the strongest fort on the Baltic, is in the hands of the revolutionists. All the vast stores of artillery arms and ammunition stored at Sveaborg are now in the hands of the revolutionists, with the path clear for the landing of other great stores of arms held ready for shipment to the revolutionaries as soon as landing could be made safe.

The Nebraska Prohibition platform reasserts adherence to the principle of no traffic whatsoever in liquor, but insists that the people have the right to vote out the saloon by states, counties or municipalities, and to that end declares for the enactment by the next legislature of a county option law.

William R. Hearst has decided to run for governor of New York as an independent candidate. The state committee of the Independent League, a Hearst organization, decided the league shall hold a state convention in September 11 to nominate Hearst for governor and put a full state and judiciary ticket in the field.

An important informal conference between the Interstate Commerce Commission and representatives of the Western Trunk Line Association and the traffic officials of various southern and southeastern railroads took place in the hearing room of the commission at Washington. It related to the construction to be placed by the commission on the recently enacted railroad rate law.

President Roosevelt has contributed one dollar to the Republican national congressional committee's campaign fund in response to a general appeal for one dollar contributions.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Rockefeller reached Cleveland. They were driven directly to Forest Hill, their suburban home. Mr. Rockefeller greeted the newspaper men who had gathered at the Union station most cordially. He said he was glad to get back to his old home.

The Negro Young People's Christian and Educational Congress having for its object the educational and moral uplifting of the race, began a five-days' session in Washington. Several thousand delegates are in attendance.

Excepting a slight brush in the resolutions committee over Congressman William Alden Smith's resolution pledging the party to the direct nomination of United States senators, the Michigan Republican state convention was featureless and partook more of the nature of a ratification meeting than a convention.

The negro who was charged with criminally assaulting Miss Annie Poole, a young girl in Lakewood, an Atlanta, Ga., suburb, was captured and lynched.

Four men were killed and a fifth man is missing, as a result of an explosion of gun cotton in the works of the Cooper Chemical company on the outskirts of Newark, N. J.

After crawling on hands and knees for a great distance through the forest, Duyo Roglich, of Milwaukee, wounded in three places by Clarence Diets, reached the homestead of Charles Johnson, at Madison, Wis., and was later carried into Winters, where he secured medical attention. Slight hope is entertained for his recovery.

James H. Sage, of Troy, N. Y., a nephew of the late Russell Sage, Tuesday declared that the will of the deceased millionaire will be contested.

Dr. James D. Eggleston, Jr., son of the president of the Pacific Express company, and who has been practicing as a dentist in Denver, was arrested on the charge of counterfeiting.

William Woods, of St. Louis, shot and killed his young wife, who had been some time residing at Mobile, Ala., with her sister, Mrs. Thomas.

Secretary of State, Root, speaking before the Pan-American congress, gave valuable advice to Latin America regarding working out the problem of popular self-government. The problem, he said, is a difficult and laborious one.

The will of Russell Sage bequeaths all of his estate to his widow, Margaret Oliva Sage, after the payment of \$25,000 to each of Mr. Sage's nephews and nieces and \$10,000 to his sister, Mrs. Fanny Chapin, of Oneida, N. Y. Mrs. Chapin died since the will was made.

The protected cruiser Milwaukee fulfilled all requirements of the government in a four-hour straightaway run of 100 miles out to sea.

Congressman Henry McMoran, of Fort Huron, was renominated by the Seventh Michigan congressional district Republican convention.

The hanging of Allen Mathis, the negro who criminally assaulted Miss Ethel McClain, took place in a legal manner in the yard of the county jail at Mayfield, Ky. It was only 50 minutes from the time the jury was sworn in until the negro was pronounced dead.

Mrs. William Ellis Corey, wife of the president of the United States Steel corporation, obtained a decree of divorce and custody of her 16-year-old son, Allan Corey, in the Second district court of Nevada. Mr. Corey made no attempt to contest the case.

John D. Rockefeller and his party have left Tarrytown, N. Y., for Cleveland.

John A. Cooke, former circuit court clerk, was found guilty at Chicago of conspiracy to defraud Cook county. His punishment was fixed at not to exceed five years in the penitentiary and a \$2,000 fine.

A positive announcement from President Roosevelt that he will not be a candidate for the third term was made in a letter addressed to Mrs. L. A. Kinney, of Peoria, by Secretary William Loeb for President Roosevelt.

Foreman Ed Rolls and Constable Andrew Wade were seriously shot while trying to arrest Michael Jol, an Italian laborer, on a charge of inciting riot at Shelbyville, Ill.

Lewis White, brakeman, was killed and a number of persons were injured in the wreck of a Chicago & Alton mixed train, five miles east of Greenfield, Ill.

The revised regulations for the application of the meat inspection law, recently adopted by the Bundesrath, show a considerable increase of severity in the provisions of the law.

C. A. Fairweather, guard of the University of Illinois football team, has been engaged as athletic director for Beloit.

The dead body of Joseph Bardenheir, jeweler, missing since July 22, was found in the woods three miles east of Madison, Wis. He had been robbed and murdered.

Harry Mitchell, aged 70, an old soldier and one of "Buffalo Bill's" scouts when fighting for the government, was found dead in bed near Berrien Center, Mich.

While swimming in the Wabash river a few miles below Vincennes, Ind., C. K. Dryhead, aged 35, a business man of Lawrenceville, Ill., was drowned.

Odesa police arrested 50 employees of the custom house who were on strike.

An anarchist threw a bomb into a shop at Odessa and wounded a clerk.

The jury at Helena, Mont., in the case of W. J. Walsh and Michael Donahue, on charge of having illegally fenced 11,500 acres of government lands, brought in a verdict finding Donahue not guilty, but holding Walsh responsible for the erection of the fence.

The international executive board of the United Mine Workers of America levied a 50 cents per capita tax for the use of those who were idle during the suspension of work.

Ben Caffyn, left fielder for Des Moines, Western league, team for two years, has been sold to the Cleveland American league team. Caffyn's price is said to be \$2,000.

John Lawrence Toole, the comedian, died at Brighton, Eng., aged 76. John Lawrence Toole started life as a wine merchant's clerk at the age of 20. He was advised by Charles Dickens to adopt the stage as a profession, which he did, making his first appearance in 1853.

John Alexander Dowle has telegraphed to friends in Mexico that his Mexican plans remain unaltered and are, if anything, more firmly established than ever.

Samuel Demont, a cripple of Union City, Ind., shot his wife through the heart and head, instantly killing her, and then fired two shots into his own body, one in the breast and one in the head.

Charles Fisher, a car repairer, of Lafayette, Ind., jumped off the pilot of an engine on which he was riding directly in the path of another train, and received injuries from which he died.

The recklessness of four men, none of whom could swim, or handle a boat, caused the drowning of two girls accompanying them and one of the men in Lake Hopatcong, N. J.

Two yachts, crowded with excursionists from Philadelphia and its suburbs, who had gone to Annapolis, N. J., for the fishing, were capsized in an easterly gale on treacherous Herford bar of that port and eight perished.

William F. Hedeman, a policeman attached to the Alexander avenue station in the Bronx, and Alfonso Manodino, 13 years old, whose life the policeman was trying to save, met death in Cromwell's creek, near Macomb's Dam park.

Five persons were drowned near Fulton during a squall on Lake Neautawanta, their boat being capsized.

Thirteen machines made the entire trip of 1,148 miles from Buffalo to Bretton Woods, N. H., for the Glidden trophy without a penalty. The Deming trophy will go to C. W. Kelsey, Mr. Post, a member of the committee, having withdrawn because of his official capacity. Both had perfect scores.

The secretary of state of Missouri issued a charter to the St. Joseph & Southern Railroad company, of St. Joseph, Mo. The road is to extend from St. Joseph to Kansas City.

Fritz Constantino, the man under arrest for the murder of Mrs. Arthur W. Genry, of Chicago, January 6, last, is not the man wanted by the Chicago police.

Charles H. Whitaker, Sr., editor of the Clinton (Ia.) Democrat, for 50 years a newspaper man in Missouri and Illinois, died, aged 70 years. He was a member of the Illinois state legislature in 1877.

Pacific express train No. 37 of the New York Central was wrecked a short distance above Chelsea by running into a landslide which had been swept down from a high embankment by a terrific rainstorm.

Eugene V. Debs, former presidential candidate on the socialist ticket, advised all workmen of the United States to assist in the freeing of Charles Moyer, W. D. Haywood and George A. Pettibone, the three Denver miners confined in jail in Idaho, at any cost, even if it took a revolution to free them.

The gross amount of insurance at San Francisco involved by all companies was \$222,836,307; the reinsurance, \$65,246,771; salvage, \$33,814,456, and actual loss, \$132,823,067.

The Armenian town of Shusha was the scene of a renewal of hostilities between Armenians and Tartars.

The postal car robbed on the Warsaw-Vienna railroad contained a package of \$60,000 in cash from abroad and at least \$50,000 additional funds.

A naval court-martial passed sentences of death upon seamen who were arrested for complicity in the mutiny of the Black sea fleet of November, 1905.

John Alexander Lowe will appeal from the decision of Judge Landis of the federal court at Chicago declaring Zion City a trust estate and holding that the deposed first apostle has no individual proprietorship in the estate.

John L. Voss, a truck gardener living near Danning, Ill., is charged with murdering his wife and then setting fire to the house to hide his crime.

The southbound cannon ball on the Frisco was wrecked south of Antlers, I. T. A spike had been driven between the rails on the high side of the curve, and the engine struck it and rolled down the embankment.

A great demonstration occurred at Samara following the receipt of the news of the dissolution of the donna. Five hundred of the demonstrators were arrested.

The 1906 biennial saengerfest of the Saengerbund of the northwest came to a close at St. Paul with the election of officers. La Crosse was chosen for the 1908 saengerfest upon condition that a projected new auditorium is built.

The property appraisement of Indiana corporations for 1906 as made by the state tax commissioners shows an increase of approximately \$16,000,000 over the valuation for 1905. Of this amount \$12,000,000 is due to increased valuation of steam railroads.

Lightning struck the tent of a camping party during an electric storm at Conneaut, Pa., and killed Edward Kinsey.

The authorities have seized copies of the Viborg manifesto issued by the outlawed parliament to the weight of 400 pounds which had been shipped surreptitiously into Kharkov.

John C. Hatley, the new ruler of Zion City by virtue of appointment of Judge Landis, walked into the office of Alexander Granger, financial agent of the city, and took formal possession of the affairs of the community. Judge Landis had decided the case of the warring factions, said that neither Dowle nor Vollva should rule longer, and ordered an election to be held by the people of Zion the third Tuesday in September.

Stringent rules governing meat inspection in accordance with the new law were promulgated by Secretary Wilson, of the department of agriculture. The regulations leave no loophole whereby the packers may evade the law and are in line with the best authorities on the subjects of sanitation, preservatives, dyes, chemicals and condemnation of diseased carcasses.

Bernard L. Levinthal, who for 15 years has been chief rabbi of the orthodox Jews of Philadelphia, was elected chief rabbi of the entire body of orthodox Jews in the United States.

Eugene Kraft, who was found dead in Chicago, worked at Marshalltown, Ia., as a printer. It was stated that he had high family connections in Europe. He spent two years as a monk in a monastery in Belgium.

Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton shows a total of 2,394,955, against 2,565,379 last week. Of this the total of American cotton is 1,287,955, against 3,399,379 last week.

John Black and Will Reagin, negroes, were lynched by a mob of 200 men near Fort Gardner, Polk county, Florida. The negroes killed Ed. Granger, a white turpentine operator, without provocation.

Locusts are devastating the neighborhood of Debreczin, Austria, where crops on 60,000 acres already have been consumed. Desperate means have been adopted to keep back the invasion, but without avail.

Canadians resident in the United Kingdom presented a superb silver centerpiece to the new British battleship Dominion. On the base is inscribed, "One life, one flag, one fleet, one throne."

While the Japanese cruiser Itsukushima was returning from Australia, the engineer commander, Kawai, attacked Capt. Ishikawa with a sword, inflicting over 20 wounds. Kawai attempted to cut his throat, but failed.

John D. Rockefeller said he was glad to be home again, although he had a splendid time while in Europe.

The Indiana state railroad commission decided the Vandalia Railroad company must make a general reduction of 33 1-3 per cent. in rates for all classified freight, from Indianapolis west to the state line.

The Carnegie fund for the pensioning of aged college professors has been increased to \$15,000,000 and the conditions of the fund have been altered to allow of the pensioning of widows of professors who would be eligible to the privileges.

# THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

## THE NOMINEES WERE NAMED BY A UNANIMOUS VOTE FOR EACH OF THEM, WITH APPLAUSE.

### THE PLATFORM AND GENERAL FEATURES.

The Republican state convention was held in the Light Guard Armory, Detroit, on Tuesday to nominate state officers, and transact the usual convention business. There was no inharmonious, no objections to any candidates, no scrambles for place and all was done in harmony and unanimity. The preliminaries of the night before showed that there would be nothing to delay the proceedings and there was not. The convention was called to order by Chairman Diekema and prayer was offered by Rev. Mac H. Wallace. The delegates were welcomed by Mayor Codd, Representative Fordney, of Saginaw, was chosen temporary chairman, and made a lengthy address. Committees were appointed and a recess taken till 1:30 p. m.

At the afternoon session speeches were made by Governor Warner, P. H. Kelley, candidate for lieutenant governor; Senator Burrows and others. The governor's address embraced these points:

As a summary of two years of close observation, he expressed the conviction that there never was a time when the people watched as carefully and interestedly the conduct of public affairs and when officials generally were more responsive to public sentiment.

In an inventory of the accomplishments of his administration, he frankly admitted that some of the 1,020 acts of the legislature to which he had given his assent had proven a disappointment. One of these was the law making changes of venue mandatory.

Another was the law limiting to dependent relatives the right of action against those responsible for death or injury caused by carelessness or neglect.

Another was the Galbraith law permitting manipulation under the guise of "equalizing values" in fixing the railroad rate of taxation. Its passage, however, had the advantage of resulting in a judicial determination of an important question.

Divers grounds for Republican optimism were outlined and satisfaction with the primary law and he expressed gratitude for the honor of being the first beneficiary under its operation. Correction of defects in that law were recommended.

General legislation for the more efficient regulation of corporations was also recommended.

The candidates for governor and lieutenant governor having been nominated at the June primaries, the ticket was completed by the unanimous choice of the convention for all the other places and is here given:

For Governor—Fred. M. Warner; of Farmington.  
For Lieutenant Governor—Patrick H. Kelley, of Lansing.

For Secretary of State—George A. Prescott, of Tawas City.  
For State Treasurer—Frank P. Glazier, of Chelsea.

For Auditor General—James B. Bradley, of Eaton Rapids.  
For Land Commissioner—William H. Rose, of Bath.

For Attorney General—John E. Bird, of Adrian.  
For Superintendent of Public Instruction—Luther L. Wright, of Ironwood.

For Member State Board of Education—Dexter M. Ferry, Jr., of Detroit.

The congressional districts chose these members to serve as the State Central Committee:

First District—T. J. Navin and Jas. O. Murfin, Wayne.  
Second District—T. Hawley Christian, Wayne; W. Wedemeyer, Washburn.

Third District—J. E. Watson, Branch; Frank Knappen, Kalamazoo.  
Fourth District—George E. Bardeen, Allegan; George W. Merriman, Van Buren.

Fifth District—B. F. Hall, Ionia; E. M. Barnard, Grand Rapids.  
Sixth District—Geo. W. Cook, Genesee; Seth Rupert, Livingston.

Seventh District—A. E. Sleeper, Sanilac; W. T. Hosmer, Macomb.  
Eighth District—William M. Smith, Clinton; David L. Evens, Tuscola.  
Ninth District—W. E. Osmun, Muskegon; E. O. Shaw, Newaygo.

Tenth District—Dever Hall and Frank Buell, both of Bay.  
Eleventh District—T. R. Welch, Osceola; Orville Dennis, Missaukee.  
Twelfth District—Robert H. Shields, Houghton; Robert A. Douglas, Ironwood.

Hon. Gerritt J. Diekema was re-elected chairman of the committee.

The committee on resolutions received this one from William Alden Smith:

Resolved, That this convention favors the nomination of candidates by direct vote of the people.

There was some discussion which ended by a compromise and the committee made this report which was:

unanimously adopted and so became the platform of the party:

We, the representative Republicans of Michigan, in convention assembled, unreservedly and cordially indorse the patriotic, courageous and aggressive administration of President Roosevelt. We admire him as the embodiment of the high ideals of the Republican party, for his insistence upon adequate and efficient railroad legislation, and for his demands that the welfare and interests of the people shall be first considered, regardless of selfish promptings and of the organized protests of greed and power. Under his administration the enforcement of law has been prompt and impartial, recognizing neither position nor station in dealing with violators and in urging the requirements of justice.

We are glad to give voice to the high appreciation on the part of the Republicans of Michigan for the splendid work of the fifty-ninth congress, and to the Michigan members of that body, for their legislation of the last session. In our judgment the declarations of President Roosevelt that no congress in the last quarter of a century has accomplished so much good for the whole people of the United States, is a just tribute to the wisdom and patriotism of the Republican majority of that body.

The prosperity of our state at the present time and through recent years surpasses all former records, made by our own or any other nation since civilization began. This prosperity has been and is being shared by the working men and the farmer, by the merchant and the manufacturer, and by all men and women who make up the great body of the American producers and consumers. These conditions illustrate again, as they have so happily in other periods of American history, the practical value of Republican policies and Republican principles, as established in Republican laws and applied by Republican administrations.

We emphatically affirm our continued belief in the wisdom of the Republican protective tariff policy. Whatever changes in tariff schedules may become necessary should be made as to preserve the Republican principle of protection and to aid the further advancement of American industry and achievement.

As Michigan Republicans, as well as in our own capacity as delegates representing the working forces of our party in all sections of the state, we are most glad to give cordial indorsement to the renomination of Gov. Fred. M. Warner, as the Republican candidate for governor, already made by 55,000 Republican votes. In every feature of his official course as governor of Michigan has Fred. M. Warner fulfilled the promises made by himself to the people of this state and made in his behalf by those who knew him to be courageous, honest and true. He has assisted in the enactment of laws, which he believed were desired by a majority of the people and has as vigorously opposed other enactments, the purposes of which he deemed undesirable. He has familiarized himself with the status and needs of our state institutions, and with sincere regard for their growth and advancement, has successfully urged the greatest possible economy and care. The people of Michigan know Gov. Warner, and their knowledge of his qualities as an official and of his character as a man will lead them to elect him as his own successor in November by an overwhelming majority. We also heartily ratify and approve the nomination of the Hon. Patrick H. Kelley as the Republican candidate for lieutenant governor. We indorse the administration of state affairs by all of the state officers and believe their records will result in their election by overwhelming majorities.

We commend the last legislature for its efficiency and success in the disposition of matters of state importance; for its practical economy in providing for state expenditures and for its fulfillment of its promises made to the people of the state by our party. We believe that the action of that body in the enactment of a primary election law, which is giving the people of this state an opportunity to enter upon the practical test of the direct nomination system, was a generous fulfillment of our party's promises, and is an assurance that in such details as may be found necessary that law will be so perfected as to as fully as possible meet the best purposes it seeks to attain.

We heartily approve the action taken by Gov. Warner in appointing a delegation of distinguished citizens to represent the state at the Iowa convention to be held in September next. We earnestly recommend to those delegates that they direct their efforts to the end that the people of the United States so amend the constitution of the United States as to permit the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people.

Olaf Lindstrom, aged 17, oldest of a large family of children, fell into Indian Mill creek during an epileptic fit, and was drowned in 13 inches of water.

The body of Alfred Jarrand, of Detroit, the boy who gave his life trying to save a companion, came to the surface in Reed's lake during a thunder storm.

To prevent drownings in the Saginaw river each of the ten bridges within the city will be equipped with a life-boat and a life-preserver. To the life-preservers will be attached 75 feet of strong line and they will be in the care of the bridgekeepers.

Frederick Schaefer, of New York, will never again offer an alligator for peanut. He did that same thing at the Zoo. The "gator" took the peanut and Fred's hand, also.

John Groot, aged 50, a Holland blacksmith, went suddenly insane over religion and attacked his wife with a flat iron. He was locked up and spends his time singing hymns and praying for rain.

The will of the late Charles Ferguson, mine owner and coal operator, leaves over \$1,000,000 to the Presbyterian hospital of Philadelphia, and to the American and New England Antivivisection societies.

# PENINSULAR HAPPENINGS

## THE FIGHT AGAINST PRISON CONTRACT LABOR WILL CONTINUE.

### CONTRACTS STILL HOLD

No More Convicts Will Be Added to Working Force on Them — There Are Other Things to Do.

#### Opinions on the Ruling.

"This decision against the broom contract at Jackson is," says Hal H. Smith, speaking as attorney for the Michigan Manufacturers' association, "the first step in the fight that will be made by the manufacturers of the state to drive out contract prison labor from Michigan prisons. It does not mean," said Mr. Smith, "that Michigan convicts will have to remain idle. There are plenty of grades for manufacture which do not come within the prohibition of the constitution. It only prohibits, as it is constituted by this case, the manufacture of articles, the majority of which for Michigan consumption are made in Michigan. We do not understand that this will prohibit, for instance, the manufacture of binding twine, as suggested by Warden Armstrong. The Manufacturers' association is already making an extensive investigation of the methods adopted by other states in handling this question.

"Two plans have received considerable favor; first, the manufacture for state use as now in practice in New York, and second, the use of convicts on the roads as is done in some of the southern states. Recent investigation of the New York plan seem to show that it is successful."

Existing prison contracts will be carried out, and men who are now working on such contracts in the prisons of the state will continue their work as long as they may remain in prison, or as long as the prison boards desire so to employ them. This is the plain inference from the interpretation put upon the recent supreme court decision by a state official of high standing. He points out that the decision declares it to be in contravention of the constitution to teach a convict a trade. There will be no more new men put on contract work, and no convicts "taught a trade," but those that are now working will continue their work.

"As I understand the situation," said Warden James Russell, of Marquette, "the decision cannot have the immediate effect of putting an end to broom making at Jackson or the continuance of mechanical trades at that or other penal institutions. It is the constitution that the supreme court finds has been violated at Jackson, and a significant feature of the situation is the fact that there is no statutory law in force designed to make effective that portion of the constitution under which the complainants moved against the penitentiary officials. In brief, while the court has made it plain that the manufacture of brooms at Jackson is contrary to the fundamental laws, the general statutes of the state provide no penalty for its continuance at the prison, in fulfillment of the contract with the Illinois Broom Company.

"In Marquette prison the convict population is at present engaged in the manufacture of cigars and overalls. It is the opinion that under the ruling of the supreme court the permanency of the cigar contract, at least, is threatened."

Save the Potatoes.

L. R. Taft, horticulturist at the Michigan experiment station, Agricultural college, has issued an interesting bulletin on potato blight as follows: Hundreds of dollars are lost each year in Michigan by the blighting and rotting of potatoes. Although its destructiveness is increased by wet, muggy weather, the disease is really caused by a fungus, and the loss can be largely if not entirely prevented by thoroughly spraying the vines with blue vitrol and lime, commonly called Bordeaux mixture.

It seldom attacks early varieties that ripen before August 1, but if they are injured by beetles it will often pay to spray them with Bordeaux mixture, and paris green, which will also control another fungus known as "early blight."

Hung Himself.

Michael F. Messinger, a well known resident of Saginaw, and for nine years superintendent of the county poor farm, committed suicide Sunday by hanging himself with a towel in the bathroom of his home. His body was found several hours later. His suicide is believed to be due to grief over the death of his only son. Messinger came to Saginaw 30 years ago and was a member of many secret orders, including the Masons, and was also a veteran of the civil war.

William Sewell, a negro, paroled after being sentenced to state prison from Mason, has failed to report to the prison officials as he should have done.

Mrs. L. Wilcox and Mrs. Ellen Wallace were thrown from a carriage in Lalsburg and Mrs. Wilcox sustained several broken ribs and is likely to die.

Yale taxpayers have voted to bond for \$14,000 to build cement sidewalks throughout the city.

James Lewis, aged 20, employed in a Flint factory, has been arrested, and the police say he has confessed to stealing two horses from Thomas Doyle and Robert Daly. The horses have been recovered.

Grant E. Garble, of Allegan, came to the Kalamazoo asylum, and saying that he was insane, asked for treatment. He was turned over to the police and was sent back to Allegan. It was learned that he was really insane and he was again sent back to the asylum.